### MFL Day mardi, 29 mars 2022

Family and Friends

LO: Voici la famille (here is my family)

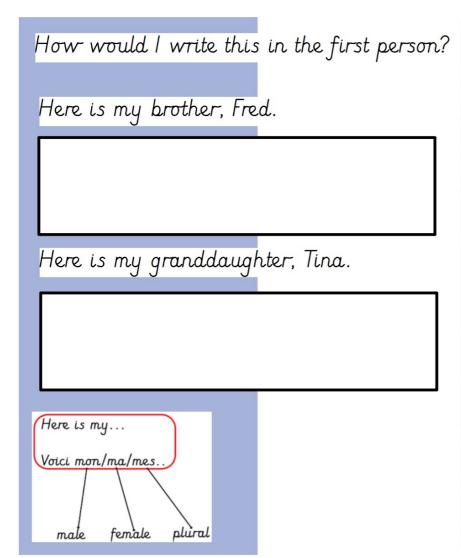
## Talk through the French for different family members.

English	masculin (français)	féminin (française)
family		famille
sister		sœur
brother	frère	
mother		mère
father	père	
grandmother		grand-mère
grandfather	grand-père	

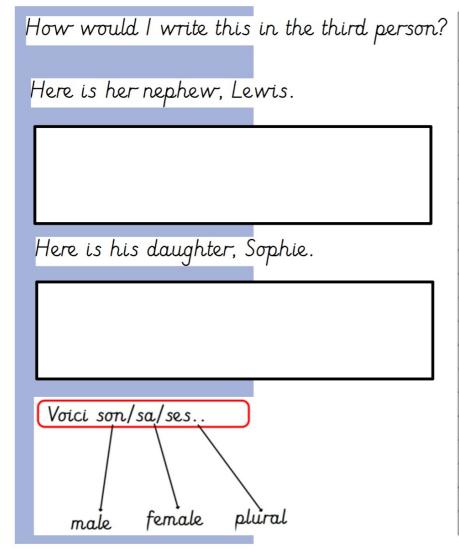
aunt		tante
uncle	oncle	
niece		nièce
nephew	neveu	
cousin (male)	cousin	
cousin (female)		cousine
son	fils	
daughter		fille
grandson	petit-fils	
granddaughter		petite-fille
husband	mari	
wife		femme
children	enfants	enfants

Go through the PPT, can you translate what they are saying?





English	masculin (français)
family	
sister	
brother	frère
mother	
father	père
grandmother	
grandfather	grand-père
aunt	
uncle	oncle
niece	
nephew	neveu
cousin (male)	cousin
cousin (female)	
son	fils
daughter	
grandson	petit-fils
granddaughter	
husband	mari
wife	
children	enfants

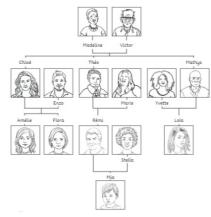


English	masculin (français)
family	
sister	
brother	frère
mother	
father	père
grandmother	
grandfather	grand-père
aunt	
uncle	oncle
niece	
nephew	neveu
cousin (male)	cousin
cousin (female)	
son	fils
daughter	
grandson	petit-fils
granddaughter	
husband	mari
wife	
children	enfants

Group 1:
Draw a picture
of your family
and annotate it
with the family
members.

English	masculin (français)	féminin (française)
family		famille
sister		soeur
brother	frère	
mother		mère
father	père	
grandmother		grand-mère
grandfather	grand-père	
aunt		tante
uncle	oncle	
niece		nièce
nephew	neveu	
cousin (male)	cousin	
cousin (female)		cousine
son	fils	
daughter		fille
grandson	petit-fils	
granddaughter		petite-fille
husband	mari	
wife		femme
children	enfants	enfants

Group 2: Look at the family tree.



Write sentences about this family.

Use the translated examples to help you.

Group 3:

Write a paragraph detailing who is in your family, you can include siblings, grandparents, aunties, uncles, and cousins! Underline the key vocabulary.

Use the example paragraph to help you.

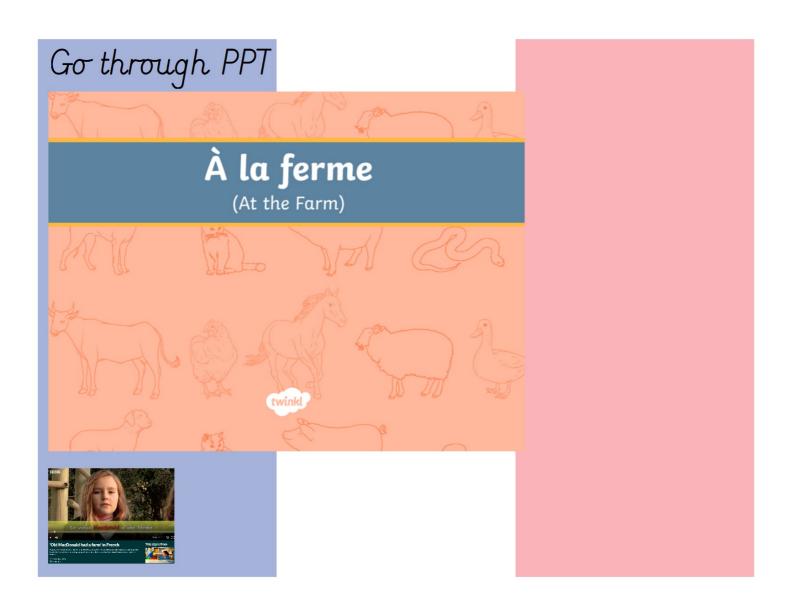
Then draw a family portrait of who you

have written about.

# Lesson 2 LO: À la ferme (At the farm)

### Key/New Words:

chien (m) [dog], chat (m) [cat], cochon (m) [pig], cheval (m) [horse], serpent (m) [snake], canard (m) [duck], vache (f) [cow], mouton (m) [sheep], poule (f) [then], ici [there], par-là [there], partout [everywhere], vieux [old], dit [say-third person], ferme (f) [farm].



Group 1:
Draw a picture
of the animal
and write the
English and
French
translation next
to it.

Ext: TA with a tablet/laptop, practise Old MacDonald had a farm using the video link. Photos for books.

Group 2:
Write your own
version of Old
Macdonald had a
farm.

Le vieux MacDonald a une ferme,			
i-α-i-α-o.			
Et dans cette ferme il y a ,			
ί-α-ί-α-ο.			
"" ici,			
"" par-là,			
ici " <u>"</u> ",			
par-là " <u>"</u> ,			
partout des ""!			
Le vieux MacDonald a une ferme,			
i-α-i-α-o.			

### Group 3:

Write a paragraph to describe what is on this picture of the farm. Use adjectives to describe the animals (remind me: in French, where do adjectives go?x)

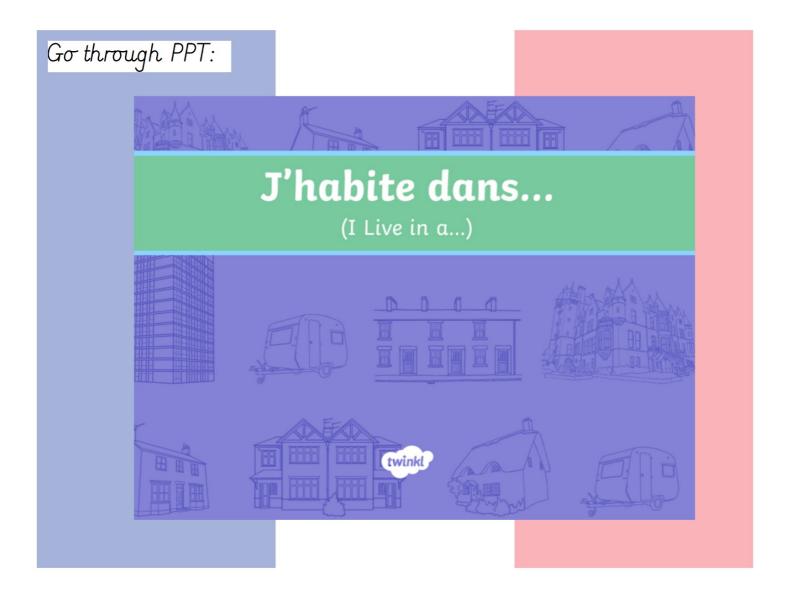


Dans cette ferme il y a . (On That Farm There Is A...)

x - size exceptions. Small and big before the noun, medium is after.

Title of: <u>La vieux MacDonald a une ferme</u>

LO: Thabite Dans (I live in a...)



What does this sentence say?

Thabite dans une petite maison avec mon pere, ma mere et ma deux fille.

English	masculin (français)
family	
sister	
brother	frère
mother	
father	père
grandmother	
grandfather	grand-père
aunt	
uncle	oncle
niece	
nephew	neveu
cousin (male)	cousin
cousin (female)	
son	fils
daughter	
grandson	petit-fils
granddaughter	
husband	mari
wife	
children	enfants

Group 1: Cut and match the pictures to the phrases.

(in pairs onto an A4 piece of paper, shrunk and photocopied)

EXT: Draw their own house and write a sentence.

Group 2:
Look at the pictures
and write a sentence
for what the person
might say about
where they live.

Thabite dans une grande ferme.



Group 3:

Match it!

Put the pictures and phrases face down. In pairs, take turns turning them over - your aim is to find the matching pair.

When you have found one, your partner will ask you:

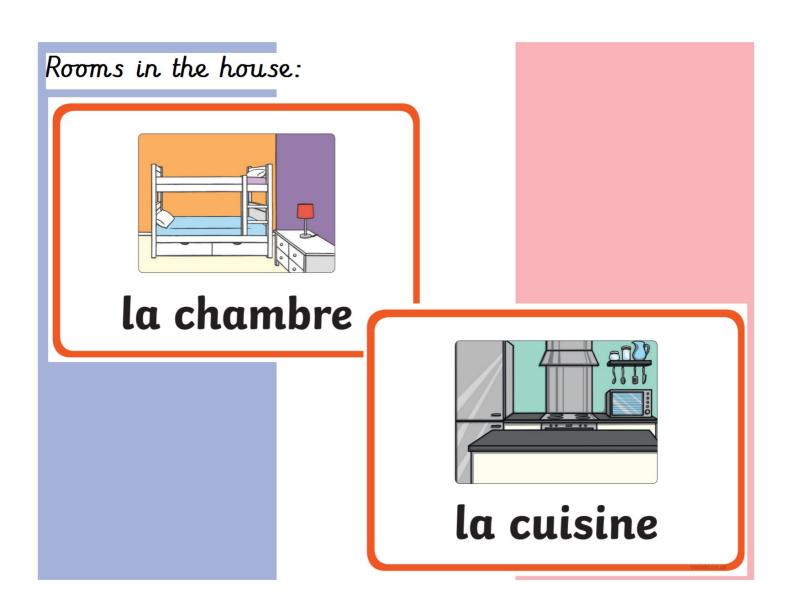
Tu habites dan quelle sorte de maison?

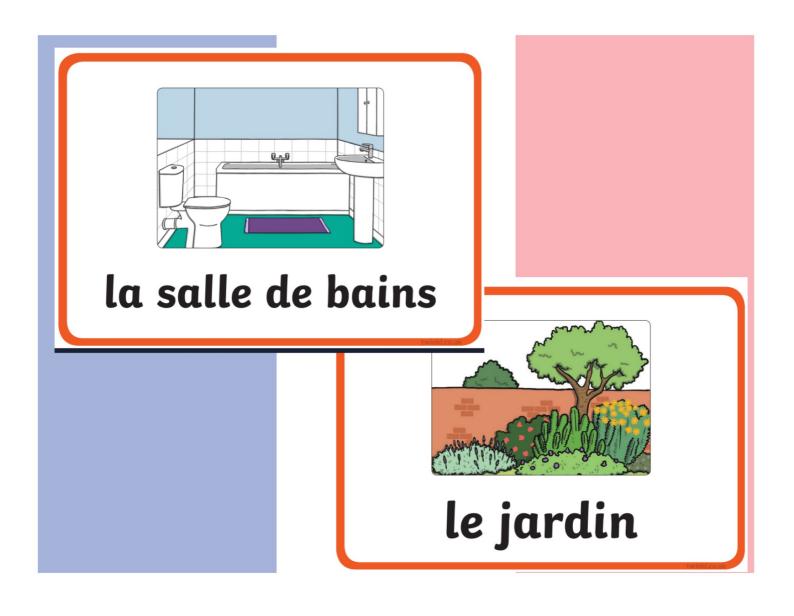
You will answer:

J'habite dans ...

First person to collect the most pairs wins!

LO: Dans ma maison (In my house)









la salle à manger

What do you think this sentence translates to?

Dans le jardin, il y a l'escargot.



Group 1:
Create this table
in your books and
write in the
English and
French
translations.

ı	Français		

Group 2:
Write sentences
about what
objects might be
found in each
room of the
house. Write the
French and
English
translation.

Dans le jardin, il y a l'escargot. In the garden, there is a snail.

Dans....., il y a....

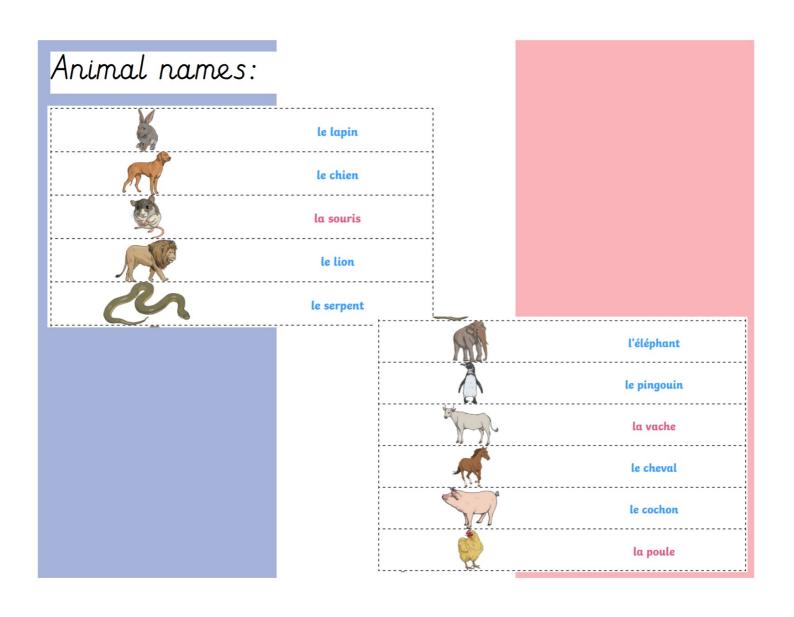
Group 3: Title of: <u>French dictionary hunt</u> Then create this table:

F	English
ľe	Snail

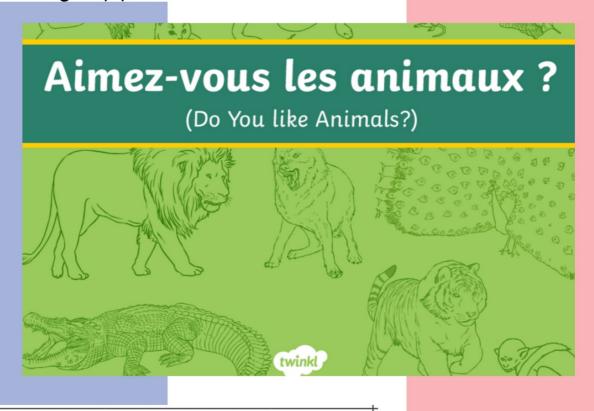
Look at the pictures and use the French dictionaries to find the English translation. I've done the first one for you!

Remember to include le /la / un /une accord

LO: Aimez-vous les animaux? (Do you like animals?)







Comment peut-on décrire les animaux ? [How Can We Describe the Animals?] What words could we use to describe what we think about the animals? Collect examples from the class. Introduce each adjective on the Lesson Presentation, with a suitable gesture/face to help the children remember the meaning. Practise by making the gesture for children to call out in response or choose the word on the Lesson Presentation. Why do the adjectives have different spellings?

Group 1: Write simple sentences about whether you like, love, dislike or hate an animal.



Jadore le chien.

(cut animal picture, sentence beside. Use prompt sheet but don't glue in)

Group 2: Write a complex sentence about whether you like, love, dislike or hate an animal and why.

Je déteste le lion parce qu'il est effrayant!

I hate lions because they are scary!

Group 3: In your book, ask your partner what their opinion is about an animal.

Le chien - quelle est ton opinion?

Pass your book to your partner for them to answer whether they like, love, dislike or hate the animal and why.

group 2 and 3 - use prompt sheets but don't glue in.

### Assessment:

### French | Year 5 | Family and Friends I can... Lesson 1 Lesson 2 Lesson 3 Lesson 4 Lesson 5 Lesson 6 I can use a bilingual dictionary to translate unknown words. I can use coordinating I can vary my sentences by changing the vocabulary. I can add detail to a sentence with an I can select suitable adjectives to describe a I can recognise and repeat conjunctions to create compound sentences. rhyming words in a song. adjective. subject. I can identify unknown I can choose appropriate adjectives to describe an I can join in a traditional I can name a variety of I can name different types I can construct a simple words in a familiar farm animals. of homes. sentence. I can use a dictionary to I can alter the spelling to I can compare the sounds I can join two sentences I can find rhyming words I can describe the size of translate words I want to they make in English and agree with the gender of using an appropriate and sound patterns. a house. know into French. conjunction I can find the meaning of new French words in mu dictionary. I can recognise and I can make sentences I can join in a French I can use a description to pronounce specific phonemes accurately. about belonging. version of a familiar song. support my opinion. I can join in the repeated I can recognise the sound I can recognise and use I can give an opinion possessive adjectives. phrases in a song. 'eh' in different words. I can use my prior I know the difference I can say why I have that learning to help me between first and third 'mais' correctly in a understand new words. sentence. person. I can explore how English and French grammar is different.

