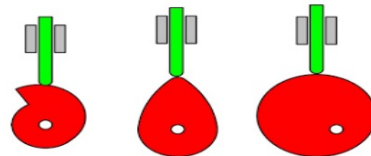


# Monday

IDEAs LO: To understand more about CAM mechanisms

Who taught you in this session?		Teacher	TA	1:1	HLTA
	Independent	Supported			
Child	<u>L.O. To understand more about CAM mechanisms</u> <i>CORNERSTONES Programme of study: Understand and use mechanical systems in their products (for example, gears, pulleys, cams, levers and linkages)</i> <i>CORNERSTONES Essential skills: Select the most appropriate mechanical system for a particular purpose</i>	Teacher			
	I know what a CAM mechanism is and how it works				
	I can label the parts of a cam mechanism accurately				
	I understand the meanings of some technical words involved with cam mechanisms				
Lesson 4					

## Cam creations!

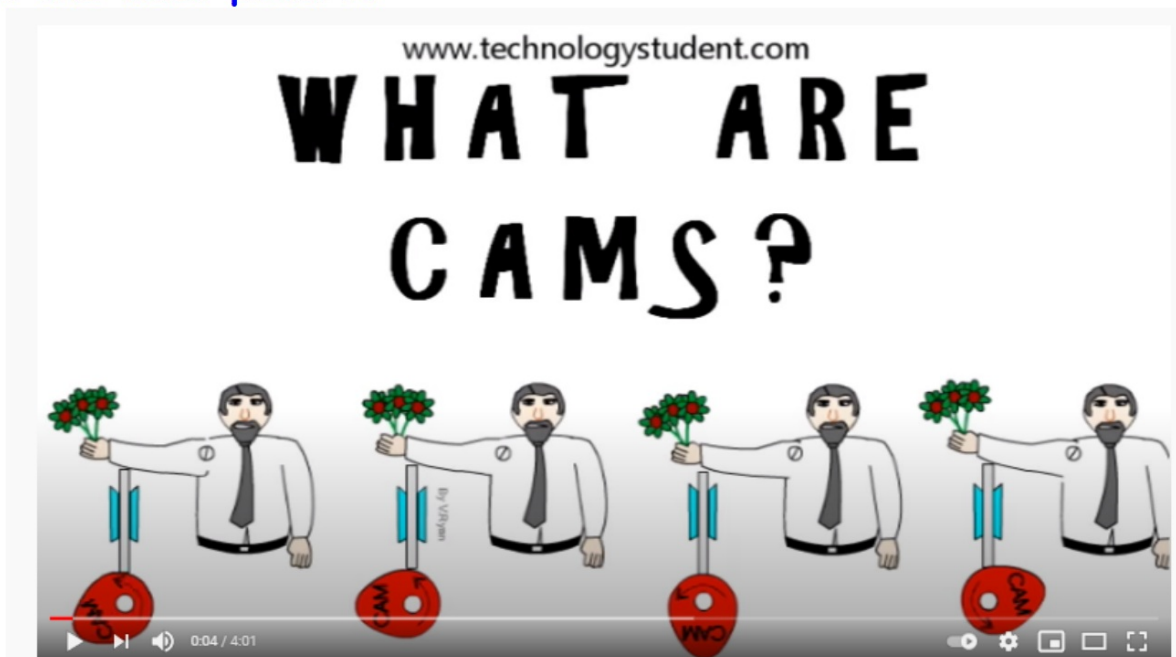


### PROGRESSION OBJECTIVES

Explain and use mechanical systems in their products to meet a design brief. Mechanical systems can include sliders, levers, linkages, gears, pulleys and cams. Other mechanisms include pneumatics and hydraulics.

# What are cams?

Watch the video and while you are watching, write down any technical words you hear on a scrap piece of paper, then copy into your books around the video picture.



<https://www.yout-ube.com/watch?v=tzWQasmUfLY>

## Components

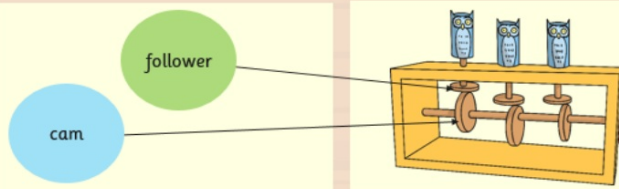


A cam mechanism is made up of two main components - a **cam** and a **follower**.

The **mechanism** causes **components** to move either in a **linear** motion (a straight line) or a **rotary** motion (goes round).

**Cam** - a rotating disk shaped to convert rotary into linear motion.

**Follower** - the component which follows the movement of the cam.



## Components

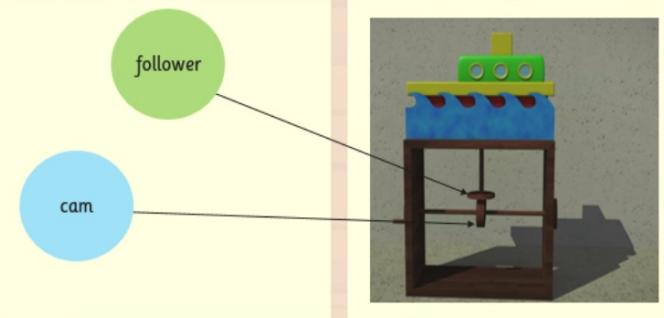


Can you identify the cam?

Can you identify the follower?

Where is the rotary motion used?

Where is the linear motion used?



Can you add any more information to your annotations now?

You should have heard words like:

cam

movement

linear motion

rotary motion

off-centre

crank handle

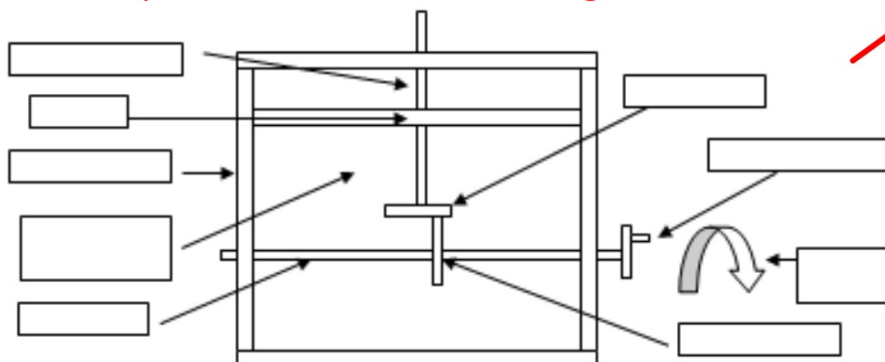
axle

frame structure

cam mechanism

cam follower

Can you carefully label them on the diagram?

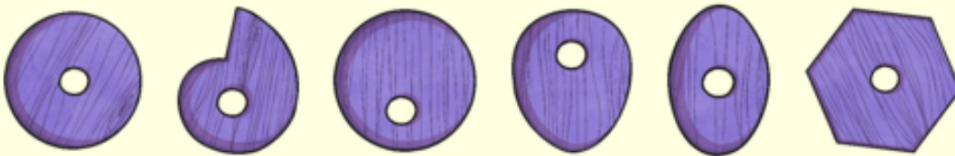


*note it  
on paper*

## Cam Shapes



Cams can be made out of metal, plastic, cardboard, foam sheets or wood. There are different shaped cams. These create different movements.



eccentric

round

snail

hexagon

ellipse

egg-shaped

Try to match the cams to their names.

**Draw the 6 different cam shapes in your book and label their names**

## Move It



Work in groups to recreate one of the mechanisms using your bodies.

You should show the different components working.



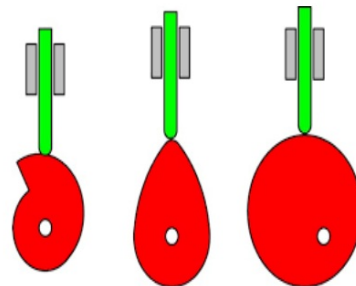
**Use paper props if you need! Take a photo for books, stick it in and label the parts!**

# Tuesday

FPT LO: To create my own CAM mechanism

## Cam creations!

Who taught you in this session?		Teacher	TA	1:1	HLTA
Independent		Supported			
Child	<u>L.O. To create my own cam mechanism</u> <i>CORNERSTONES Programme of study: Select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks (for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing), accurately.</i> <i>CORNERSTONES Essential skills: Combine materials with moving joints</i>	Teacher			
	I know I must follow the instructions carefully				
	I can cut, shape, join and finish accurately				
	I understand how the different mechanisms affect the movement				
Lesson 5					



### PROGRESSION OBJECTIVES

Explain and use mechanical systems in their products to meet a design brief. Mechanical systems can include sliders, levers, linkages, gears, pulleys and cams. Other mechanisms include pneumatics and hydraulics.



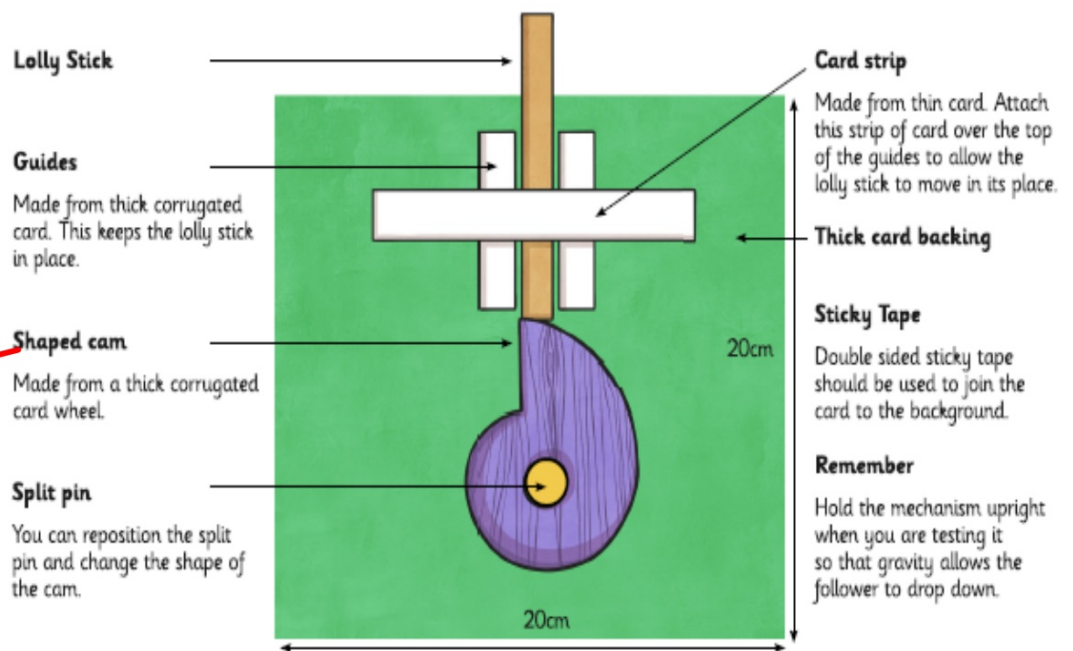
Now you're going to make your own simple cam mechanism to investigate the effect of different cam shapes!

You will need:

- a lolly stick
- thick corrugated card
- split pin
- card strip
- card
- sticky tape

*Use thick card if you don't have a lollipop stick*

*1 shaped*





Take a photo for books, stick in and label with some of the information from the exploring cam movement sheet

Complete the sheets with as much detail as you can!

Can Shape	Describe What Happened
	
	
	
	

\*